

NON OFFICIAL TRASLATION

## **ESTABLISHES IMPORT PHYTOSANITARY** REQUIREMENTS FOR FRESH MANGOES (Mangifera indica) FROM INDIA

## SANTIAGO,

 $N^{\circ}$  / HAVING SEEN: According the faculties conferred by SAG Organic Law N° 18.755 of 1989; Decree-Law N° 3.557 of 1980, related to Plant Protection; Decree N° 156 of 1998 of the Ministry of Agriculture, that authorize ports for the importation of plants, animals, products and by-products, and agricultural and livestock supplies to the national territory; the Resolutions N°s 3.801 of 1998;  $2.080 \times 1000$ ,  $2.081 \times 10000$ ,  $2.081 \times 100$ 3.080 of 2003; 3.815 of 2003; 133 of 2005 of the Agriculture and Livestock Service (Servicio Agrícola y Ganadero, SAG) and its amendments;

## WHEREAS

- That the Agricultural and Livestock Service (SAG) has the faculty to establish
  phytosanitary requirements for the importation of regulated articles to the
  country in order to prevent the introduction and spread of regulated pests.
- 2. That the Pest Risk Analysis for fresh mangoes from India (2006\_ARP\_97) has been developed, which allows the establishment of import requirements.

## I HEREBY DECIDE

Establishes the following phytosanitary import requirements for fresh fruits for consumption of Mango (*Mangifera indica*) from India, which must be verified by the Regional Plant Quarantine Inspector Station (RPQs), before issuing the phytosanitary certificate:

- 1. To enter the country the consignment shall be accompanied by an official phytosanitary certificate issued by the phytosanitary authorities of the country of origin, in original, in which states the following additional declarations:
  - "The consignment is free of Cryptoblabes gnidiella (LEP, Pyralidae)"
  - "The consignment has been subjected to a Vapor Heat treatment (VHT) in India for control of *Bactrocera* spp. (Dip.: Tephritidae)"
    "The consignment comes from production areas officially monitored and 1.2
  - 1.3 found free Sternochetus mangiferae and Sternochetus frigidus (Col.: Curculionidae)."
- 2. The fruit should come from a place of production (orchard) registered in Mango Export Program to Chile, approved and registered by PPQ&S and have a unique code producer. The orchards must have phytosanitary program control of Hemiptera and fruit flies, as well as eliminate fallen and reminding fruits at the orchard once the harvest has finished.
- 3. The consignment must comes from the following States and production areas that have been officially monitored and found free from Sternochetus mangiferae and Sternochetus frigidus:

SERVICIO AGRICOLA Y GANADERO / SAG División Protección Agricola y Forestal, Sub Depto. Defensa Agricola, piso 3. Santiago. Fonos: 3451200 – 3451205 / E-mail: agricola@sag.gob.cl

Web: http://www.sag.cl

- State of Uttar Pradesh: production areas of Barbanki, Malihabad and Saharanpur.
- . State of Gujarat: production areas of Navsari and Valsad.
- State of Maharashtra: production areas of Devgad, Kudal, Malvan, Sawantwadi and Vengarla.
- The packings in charge of processing mangoes to Chile must be authorized and registered by PPQ&S, having a packing unique code.
- 5. The mangoes have been subjected to a wash and brush process at the packing.
- The Vapour Heat (VHT) Quarantine Treatment facilities must be approved and authorized by PPQ&S.
- 7. For the control of Bactrocera spp., the consignment has been subjected to a quarantine Vapour Heat Treatment (VHT) at 48° C fruit pulp temperature for 20 minutes in VHT machine set at 50° C chamber temperature by the same time. The VHT must be stated in the corresponding section of the Phytosanitary Certificate, indicating temperature, exposure time and date.
- After the quarantine treatment, the consignment must be kept protected from possible reinfestation at all times until it is shipped to Chile.
- Prior the beginning of each export season, Plant Protection Quarantine and Storage (PPQ&S) must send to SAG, a list with the production places, packings and quarantine treatment facilities that has been approved and authorized by PPQ&S.
- 10. The certification inspection must be carried out by RPQS inspectors at registered packings, taking the 2% per lot that has to be inspected, cutting and chopping 30 fruits of the sample, in order to verify the absence of Sternochetus mangiferae and Sternochetus frigidus.
- 11. If living stages of Cryptoblabes gnidiella are detected during the official inspection, the consignment must be treated with a quarantine treatment of methyl bromide funigation at 32 gr. /m³ for 2 hours at 21° C and above or equivalent or any other treatment approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India, previously informed to SAG.
- 12. The consignment must be free from soil.
- 13. The container must come sealed by the phytosanitary entity. In the case of airfreight, the pallets must be protected with a screen mesh or covered by plastic and each unit must be sealed. The number of the seals must be stated in the Phytosanitary Certificate.
- 14. The consignment must come in brand new packages and protection materials, not allowing the re-packaging. The packages must have the following label located in the front side of the box:

EXPORT MANGOES TO CHILE	
PRODUCTION PLACE Code/Name	CA SEDE (DOCUME)
PACKING FACILITY Code/Name STATE Code/Name :	-
GROWER Code/Name	:
Export Season	
PPQ&S - INDIA	

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- 15. The packing material must allow quarantine treatments of fumigation to the consignment; on the contrary this will be rejected.
- 16. The wood packaging materials and pallets, and wood used as protection material, must be free of bark; complying also with the quarantine regulations for the entry of wood packaging.
- 17. The consignments will be inspected at their arrival to the point of entry by professionals of the Agricultural and Livestock Service (SAG), who will verify the compliance of the phytosanitary conditions and requirements, and with the attached documentation, they will resolve the entry of the consignment.
- 18. The infraction of the regulations established in this Resolution, will be sanction according the established in the Decree-Law N° 3.557 of 1980, related to Plant Protection and in the SAG Organic Law N° 18.755 of 1989.

TO BE NOTED, COMMUNICATED AND FILED

ANÍBAL ARIZTÍA REYES NATIONAL DIRECTOR AGRICULTURAL AND LIVESTOCK SERVICE

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